



What will be our key questions?

- Where is Kenya on the map?
- What is the Equator?
- What is the weather and climate like in Kenya?
- Who are the Maasai tribe?
- What is a National Park and a game reserve?
- What are the big five?
- What is life like for a child living in Kenya?
- What is similar and different to Pinvin?



Key Vocabulary:

Drought: A long period where there is little or no rain

Climate: The usual weather conditions in a place

Continent: continent is a large piece of land, normally made up of a group of countries.

Crops: plants that are grown to be used or sold (such as rice, corn or fruit)

Population: the number of people living in a place

Wildlife: the wild animals and plants in an area

Key Facts:

- Kenya is located on the east side of the continent of Africa, sitting along the Equator.
- The capital city is Nairobi.
- Kenya is twice as big as the UK.
- The climate of Kenya is made up of a dry season and a wet season and not 4 seasons like the UK.
- Because Kenya lies on the Equator, the climate is hot, sunny and dry for most of the year.

Key Knowledge:

The Equator marks the area of the world that receives the greatest amount of energy from the sun. The weather for each country will be different depending on where it is in the world. The countries that are closer to the Equator will be the warmest, like Kenya.

Physical geography is the study of the Earth's natural features, such as mountains, rivers, deserts and oceans.

Human geography is the study of landmarks that were created by humans. They are not natural features of the Earth. For example, factory, farm, house and office.

A national park is a protected area of land where only tourism and research is allowed by humans. No humans live in national parks.

A game reserve is still a protected area of land, but it allows humans to live there and to carry out other activities such as fishing, road building, mining and gathering wood.

Key threads: understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of Kenya and Pinvin.

★★★★ Let's go on Safari – Star Steps ★★★★★

Focus	Small Steps	Comment	
Geography Location Knowledge	I can name and locate the continent of Africa and Europe I can name and locate the Indian Ocean I can name and locate Pinvin on a map.	Self-Assessment : <input type="checkbox"/> ☺ <input type="checkbox"/> 😐 <input type="checkbox"/> ☹	Teacher Assessment: <input type="checkbox"/> ☺ <input type="checkbox"/> 😐 <input type="checkbox"/> ☹
Geographical Skills	I can use maps, globes and aerial images of the world to identify Kenya and the continent Africa I can use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West)	Self-Assessment : <input type="checkbox"/> ☺ <input type="checkbox"/> 😐 <input type="checkbox"/> ☹	Teacher Assessment: <input type="checkbox"/> ☺ <input type="checkbox"/> 😐 <input type="checkbox"/> ☹
Place knowledge	I can understand geographical similarities and differences between Pinvin and Kenya: • • • • •	Self-Assessment : <input type="checkbox"/> ☺ <input type="checkbox"/> 😐 <input type="checkbox"/> ☹	Teacher Assessment: <input type="checkbox"/> ☺ <input type="checkbox"/> 😐 <input type="checkbox"/> ☹
Human and Physical Geography	I can use some physical geographical vocabulary including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather I can use some human geographical vocabulary including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop I can locate the equator and I can identify hot areas in the world in relation to the Equator I can use a map to study the geography of PFS and its grounds and surrounding area	Self-Assessment : <input type="checkbox"/> ☺ <input type="checkbox"/> 😐 <input type="checkbox"/> ☹	Teacher Assessment: <input type="checkbox"/> ☺ <input type="checkbox"/> 😐 <input type="checkbox"/> ☹